



# Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2023

Pearson Edexcel International Advanced  
Subsidiary Level In Chemistry (WCH15)

Paper 01

Unit 5: Transition Metals and Organic Nitrogen  
Chemistry

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

## Using the Mark Scheme

Examiners should look for qualities to reward rather than faults to penalise. This does NOT mean giving credit for incorrect or inadequate answers, but it does mean allowing candidates to be rewarded for answers showing correct application of principles and knowledge. Examiners should therefore read carefully and consider every response: even if it is not what is expected it may be worthy of credit.

The mark scheme gives examiners:

- an idea of the types of response expected
- how individual marks are to be awarded
- the total mark for each question
- examples of responses that should NOT receive credit.

/ means that the responses are alternatives and either answer should receive full credit.

() means that a phrase/word is not essential for the award of the mark, but helps the examiner to get the sense of the expected answer.

Phrases/words in **bold** indicate that the meaning of the phrase or the actual word is **essential** to the answer.

ecf/TE/cq (error carried forward) means that a wrong answer given in an earlier part of a question is used correctly in answer to a later part of the same question.

Candidates must make their meaning clear to the examiner to gain the mark. Make sure that the answer makes sense. Do not give credit for correct words/phrases which are put together in a meaningless manner. Answers must be in the correct context.

## Quality of Written Communication

Questions which involve the writing of continuous prose will expect candidates to:

- write legibly, with accurate use of spelling, grammar and punctuation in order to make the meaning clear
- select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
- organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate.

Full marks will be awarded if the candidate has demonstrated the above abilities.

Questions where QWC is likely to be particularly important are indicated (QWC) in the mark scheme, but this does not preclude others.

## Section A

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1	<p><b>The only correct answer is D</b> <math>(\text{Pt}(s)   \text{V}^{2+}(\text{aq}), \text{V}^{3+}(\text{aq})    \text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq})   \text{Cu}(s))</math></p> <p><i>A is not correct because the <math>\text{V}^{3+}(\text{aq})/\text{V}^{2+}(\text{aq})</math> half-cell should have a platinum electrode and should show oxidation and the <math>\text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq})/\text{Cu}(s)</math> half-cell should show reduction</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because the <math>\text{V}^{3+}(\text{aq})/\text{V}^{2+}(\text{aq})</math> half-cell should have a platinum electrode</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because the <math>\text{V}^{3+}(\text{aq})/\text{V}^{2+}(\text{aq})</math> half-cell should show oxidation and the <math>\text{Cu}^{2+}(\text{aq})/\text{Cu}(s)</math> half-cell should show reduction</i></p>	(1)  <b>Computer</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2	<p><b>The only correct answer is D</b> <math>(\text{Mg} + 2\text{Ce}^{4+} \rightarrow \text{Mg}^{2+} + 2\text{Ce}^{3+})</math></p> <p><i>A is not correct because Ce is a weaker reducing agent than Mg</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because <math>\text{Ce}^{3+}</math> is a weaker reducing agent than Ce</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because <math>\text{Mn}^{2+}</math> is a weaker reducing agent than Mn</i></p>	(1)  <b>Computer</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3	<p><b>The only correct answer is D</b> <math>(\Delta S^{\circ}_{\text{total}})</math></p> <p><i>A is not correct because <math>E^{\circ}_{\text{cell}}</math> is directly proportional to <math>\ln K_c</math></i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because <math>E^{\circ}_{\text{cell}}</math> is directly proportional to <math>\Delta S^{\circ}_{\text{total}}</math> and not <math>\Delta H^{\circ}</math></i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because <math>E^{\circ}_{\text{cell}}</math> is directly proportional to <math>\Delta S^{\circ}_{\text{total}}</math> and not <math>\Delta S^{\circ}_{\text{system}}</math></i></p>	(1)  <b>Computer</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
4	<p><b>The only correct answer is C</b> (the reactants are thermodynamically unstable with respect to the products)</p> <p><i>A is not correct because the reaction is thermodynamically feasible so will occur under certain conditions</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because the <math>E^\ominus_{\text{cell}}</math> value is a thermodynamic and not a kinetic property</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because the reaction may be kinetically inert and the conditions may be non-standard</i></p>	(1) <b>Computer</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5	<p><b>The only correct answer is A</b> (<math>\text{H}_2 + 2\text{OH}^- \rightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2\text{e}^-</math>)</p> <p><i>B is not correct because hydrogen is consumed and not produced in a hydrogen-oxygen fuel cell</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because oxygen is reduced at the positive electrode in a hydrogen-oxygen fuel cell</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because oxygen is consumed and not produced in a hydrogen-oxygen fuel cell</i></p>	(1) <b>Computer</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6	<p><b>The only correct answer is D</b> (<math>\text{Cu} \quad [\text{Ar}]3\text{d}^{10}4\text{s}^1</math>)</p> <p><i>A is not correct because the 4s electrons are removed before the 3d electrons</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because the electronic configuration of chromium is <math>[\text{Ar}]3\text{d}^54\text{s}^1</math></i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because the 4s electrons are removed before the 3d electrons</i></p>	(1) <b>Computer</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
7	<p><b>The only correct answer is C (six)</b></p> <p><i>A is not correct because it only takes into account water ligands</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because it only takes into account ethanoate ions</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because the coordination numbers of the two chromiums have been added together</i></p>	<p>(1)</p> <p><b>Computer</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
8	<p><b>The only correct answer is A (<math>[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}</math>)</b></p> <p><i>B is not correct because <math>\text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}</math> is a bidentate ligand</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because <math>\text{EDTA}^{4-}</math> is a hexadentate ligand</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because <math>\text{NH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2</math> is a bidentate ligand</i></p>	<p>(1)</p> <p><b>Computer</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
9	<p><b>The only correct answer is A (<math>[\text{CuCl}_4]^{2-}</math>)</b></p> <p><i>B is not correct because this complex is octahedral with a bond angle of <math>90^\circ</math></i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because this complex is linear with a bond angle of <math>180^\circ</math></i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because this complex is square planar with a bond angle of <math>90^\circ</math></i></p>	<p>(1)</p> <p><b>Computer</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
10	<p><b>The only correct answer is B</b> (<math>[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}</math>)</p> <p><i>A is not correct because <math>\text{VO}^{2+}</math> is blue</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because <math>[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}</math> is blue</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because <math>[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}</math> is blue</i></p>	(1) <b>Computer</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
11	<p><b>The only correct answer is D</b> (<math>2\text{Cr}(\text{OH})_3 + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}_2 + 4\text{KOH} \rightarrow 2\text{K}_2\text{CrO}_4 + 8\text{H}_2\text{O}</math>)</p> <p><i>A is not correct because <math>\text{FeCl}_2</math> forms a green solution</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because this is not a redox reaction</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because this is not a redox reaction</i></p>	(1) <b>Computer</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
12	<p><b>The only correct answer is C</b> (<math>[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+} + 4\text{NH}_3 \rightarrow [\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}</math>)</p> <p><i>A is not correct because this is the ionic equation describing the deprotonation when ammonia is not in excess</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because four water ligands are exchanged by ammine ligands when ammonia is in excess</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because four water ligands are exchanged by ammine ligands when ammonia is in excess</i></p>	(1) <b>Computer</b>

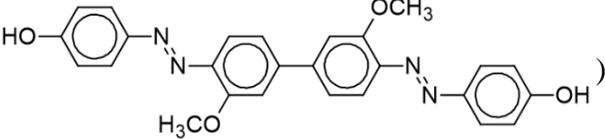
Question Number	Answer	Mark
13	<p><b>The only correct answer is A</b> (<math>[\text{Zn}(\text{OH})_4]^{2-} + 2\text{H}_3\text{O}^+ \rightarrow [\text{Zn}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4(\text{OH})_2]</math>)</p> <p><i>B is not correct because <math>[\text{Zn}(\text{OH})_4]^{2-}</math> is a soluble complex ion</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because <math>[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}</math> is a soluble complex ion</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because <math>[\text{Cr}(\text{OH})_6]^{3-}</math> is a soluble complex ion</i></p>	(1) <b>Computer</b>

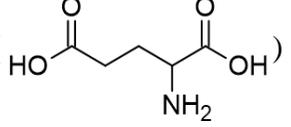
Question Number	Answer	Mark
14	<p><b>The only correct answer is C</b> (+5 → +4 → +5)</p> <p><i>A is not correct because the oxidation state in <math>\text{V}_2\text{O}_5</math> is +5 not +2</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because the oxidation state in <math>\text{V}_2\text{O}_5</math> is +5 not +2</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because the vanadium cannot be oxidised from +5 to +6</i></p>	(1) <b>Computer</b>

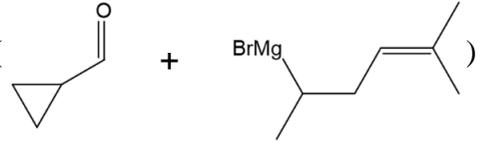
Question Number	Answer	Mark
15	<p><b>The only correct answer is C</b> (14)</p> <p><i>A is not correct because each carbon contributes one electron from a p-orbital</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because each carbon contributes one electron from a p-orbital</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because each carbon contributes one electron from a p-orbital</i></p>	(1) <b>Computer</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
16	<p><b>The only correct answer is C</b> (a lone pair of electrons on oxygen in phenol is delocalised into the ring)</p> <p><i>A is not correct because the polarity of the O-H bond does not increase the electron density of the benzene ring</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because the electronegativity of the oxygen atom does not increase the electron density of the benzene ring</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because there is a greater electron density in the ring in phenol than in benzene</i></p>	(1) <b>Computer</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
17	<p><b>The only correct answer is B</b> (<math>\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{NH}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Br}}</math>)</p> <p><i>A is not correct because the reduction of a nitrile forms a primary amine</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because the products would be a tertiary amine and a quaternary ammonium salt</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because the alkaline hydrolysis of this amide forms a primary amine</i></p>	(1) <b>Computer</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
18	<p><b>The only correct answer is D</b> ()</p> <p><i>A is not correct because this is not an azo dye</i></p> <p><i>B is not correct because this is not an azo dye</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because this azo dye could only form if the reagents were not in excess</i></p>	(1) <b>Computer</b>

Question Number	Answer	Mark
19	<p>The only correct answer is B ()</p> <p><i>A is not correct because this amino acid contains one acidic group and one basic group</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because this amino acid contains one acidic group and two basic groups</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because this amino acid contains one acidic group and two basic groups</i></p>	(1) Computer

Question Number	Answer	Mark
20	<p>The only correct answer is A ()</p> <p><i>B is not correct because these reagents would lead to the formation of compound B</i></p> <p><i>C is not correct because these reagents would lead to the formation of compound B</i></p> <p><i>D is not correct because these reagents would lead to the formation of compound B</i></p>	(1) Computer

Total for Section A = 20 marks

## Section B

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
21(a)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (Hg<sup>+</sup> is [Xe]4f<sup>14</sup>) 5d<sup>10</sup>6s<sup>1</sup> <b>and</b> (Hg<sup>2+</sup> is [Xe]4f<sup>14</sup>) 5d<sup>10</sup>(6s<sup>0</sup>)</li> <li>• (d-block element as last) electron goes into a (5)d-orbital(s) (when the electronic configuration is written according to the Aufbau principle)</li> <li>• (not transition element as) Hg<sup>+</sup> and Hg<sup>2+</sup>/(stable) ions do not have incompletely filled (5)d-orbital(s)</li> </ul>	<p>Accept use of d-subshell for d-orbital(s) Allow use of d-shell for d-subshell Penalise use of just d-block for d-shell once only Penalise use of 3d/4d for 5d once only</p> <p>Allow Hg loses (only) its <b>6s</b> electrons (when forming ions/compounds)</p> <p>Do not award answer in terms of the electronic configuration of an ion of mercury</p> <p>Allow Hg<sup>+</sup> and Hg<sup>2+</sup>/(stable) ions have completely full (5)d-orbital(s) Ignore any reference to d-d transitions / other transition element properties Do not award answer in terms of the electronic configuration of the element / an Hg atom</p>	<p>(3)</p> <p><b>Expert</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
21(b)(i)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hg/mercury oxidised <b>and</b> from 0 (in Hg) to +2 (in Hg(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>) (1)</li> <li>• N/nitrogen is reduced <b>and</b> from +5 (in HNO<sub>3</sub>) to +2 (in NO) (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Allow oxidation numbers from annotation to the equation</p> <p>Ignore any reference to electron loss/gain</p> <p>Do not award reference to oxidation of any other element</p> <p>Do not award HNO<sub>3</sub> is reduced</p> <p>Do not award reference to reduction of any other element</p> <p>If no other mark awarded, Hg/mercury oxidised <b>and</b> N/nitrogen reduced OR Hg/mercury from 0 to +2 <b>and</b> N/nitrogen from +5 to +2 scores (1)</p>	<p>(2)</p> <p><b>Expert</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
21(b)(ii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ionic half-equation for oxidation of mercury (1)</li> <li>ionic half-equation for reduction of nitrate (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Allow multiples and <math>\rightleftharpoons</math> for <math>\rightarrow</math></p> <p>Ignore state symbols, even if incorrect</p> <p>Examples of ionic half-equations:</p> <p><math>\text{Hg} \rightarrow \text{Hg}^{2+} + 2\text{e}^{(-)}</math>  Allow <math>\text{Hg} - 2\text{e}^{(-)} \rightarrow \text{Hg}^{2+}</math>  Do not award half-equation including <math>\text{HNO}_3/\text{NO}_3^-</math></p> <p><math>4\text{H}^+ + \text{NO}_3^- + 3\text{e}^{(-)} \rightarrow \text{NO} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}</math>  Allow <math>3\text{H}^+ + \text{HNO}_3 + 3\text{e}^{(-)} \rightarrow \text{NO} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}</math>  Allow <math>4\text{HNO}_3 + 3\text{e}^{(-)} \rightarrow \text{NO} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 3\text{NO}_3^-</math></p>	<p>(2)</p> <p><b>Expert</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
21(b)(iii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following point:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>balanced equation</li> </ul>	<p>Example of completed equation:</p> <p><math>\underline{3}\text{Hg}(\text{l}) + \underline{8}\text{HNO}_3(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \underline{3}\text{Hg}(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{aq}) + \underline{2}\text{NO}(\text{g}) + \underline{4}\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})</math></p> <p>Allow multiples</p>	<p>(1)</p> <p><b>Clerical</b></p>

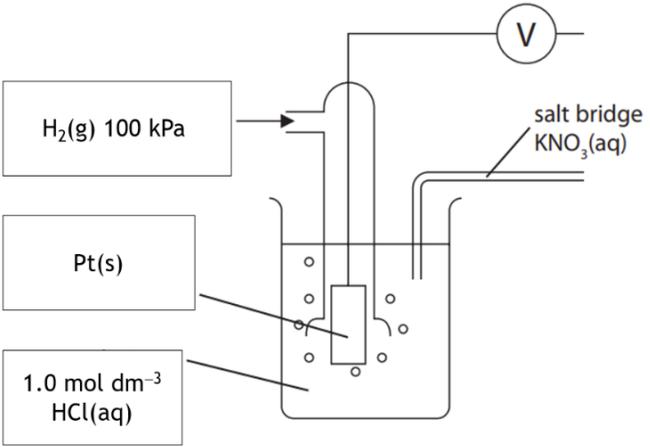
Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
21(c)(i)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following point:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• correct species</li> <li>• balanced equation</li> </ul>	<p>Example of completed equation:</p> $\text{Hg}(\text{NO}_3)_2 + 3\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} \rightarrow \text{Hg}(\text{CNO})_2 + 2\text{CH}_3\text{CHO} + 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ <p>Ignore state symbols even if incorrect</p> <p>(1) Do not award molecular formulae eg <math>\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}</math> for <math>\text{CH}_3\text{CHO}</math> Do not award <math>\text{CH}_3\text{COH}</math> for <math>\text{CH}_3\text{CHO}</math></p> <p>(1) Allow multiples No TE on M1 except on correct molecular formulae and on <math>\text{CH}_3\text{COH}</math></p>	<p>(2)</p> <p><b>Graduate</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
21(c)(ii)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• moles of <math>\text{Hg}(\text{CNO})_2</math></li> <li>• moles of gas produced</li> <li>• volume of gas produced</li> </ul>	<p>Correct answer with some working scores (3)</p> <p>Ignore SF except 1SF throughout</p> <p>Example of calculation:</p> <p>(1) <math>n = \frac{1.00}{284.6} = 0.0035137 / 3.5137 \times 10^{-3}</math></p> <p>(1) <math>n = 0.0035137 \times 2 = 0.0070274 / 7.0274 \times 10^{-3}</math> TE on M1</p> <p>(1) <math>v = 0.0070274 \times 24000 = 168.66 \text{ (cm}^3\text{)}</math> Accept <math>0.16866 \text{ dm}^3</math> TE on M2</p>	<p>(3)</p> <p><b>Expert</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
21(d)(i)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following point:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(to provide a) constant concentration (of Cl<sup>-</sup>)</li> </ul>	<p>Allow KCl for Cl<sup>-</sup> throughout</p> <p>Allow to keep the solution / Cl<sup>-</sup> saturated</p> <p>Allow to replace Cl<sup>-</sup></p> <p>Ignore just to provide Cl<sup>-</sup></p> <p>Ignore stated concentrations</p> <p>Do not award salt bridge / to complete the circuit</p> <p>Do not award catalyst</p>	<p><b>(1)</b></p> <p><b>Expert</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
21(d)(ii)	An answer that makes reference to the following point: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><math>(0.24 - 0.37 =) -0.13 \text{ (V)}</math></li> </ul>	Ignore working, even if incorrect	(1)  <b>Expert</b>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
21(d)(iii)	An answer that makes reference to the following point: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><math>\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2 + \text{Sn} \rightarrow 2\text{Hg} + \text{Sn}^{2+} + 2\text{Cl}^-</math></li> </ul>	<p>Allow <math>\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2 + \text{Sn} \rightarrow 2\text{Hg} + \text{SnCl}_2</math>  Allow multiples  Allow <math>\rightleftharpoons</math> for <math>\rightarrow</math></p> <p>Ignore state symbols even if incorrect  Ignore half-equations even if incorrect  Ignore use of cell diagrams</p> <p>Do not award uncanceled electrons  Do not award <math>2\text{Hg}^+ (+ 2\text{Cl}^-)</math> for <math>\text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2</math></p> <p><b>If answer to (d)(ii) is +0.61 (V) / +0.37 (V) / greater than +0.24 (V), equation must be reversed:</b>  <math>2\text{Hg} + \text{Sn}^{2+} + 2\text{Cl}^- \rightarrow \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2 + \text{Sn}</math>  OR  <math>2\text{Hg} + \text{SnCl}_2 \rightarrow \text{Hg}_2\text{Cl}_2 + \text{Sn}</math></p>	(1)  <b>Expert</b>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
21(d)(iv)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• hydrogen (gas)/H<sub>2</sub>((g)) <b>and</b> 100 kPa</li> <li>• platinum (solid)/Pt((s)) <b>and</b> 298 K / 25°C</li> <li>• hydrochloric acid/HCl((aq)) <b>and</b> 1 mol dm<sup>-3</sup></li> </ul>	<p>Example of completed diagram:</p>  <p>(1) Allow 101 kPa / 100 000 Pa / 101 000 Pa / 1 atm / 1 bar</p> <p>Accept platinum black for platinum Ignore porous</p> <p>(1) Ignore omission of state symbol 298 K / 25°C may be shown anywhere</p> <p>Allow H<sup>+</sup> / H<sub>3</sub>O<sup>+</sup> for hydrochloric acid</p> <p>(1) Allow M for mol dm<sup>-3</sup> Do not award 0.5 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub></p> <p>If no other mark awarded: hydrogen/H<sub>2</sub> <b>and</b> hydrochloric acid/HCl/H<sup>+</sup>/H<sub>3</sub>O<sup>+</sup> <b>and</b> platinum/Pt scores (1)</p>	(3)  <b>Graduate</b>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
21(d)(v)	<p>An answer that makes reference to any one of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (calomel electrode) does not require a (separate) salt bridge</li> </ul> <p>OR</p> <p>(calomel electrode) does not require a continuous supply of hydrogen / gas</p> <p>OR</p> <p>platinum/Pt (of hydrogen electrode is) easily poisoned</p> <p>OR</p> <p>difficult to ensure hydrogen electrode is at equilibrium</p>	<p>Ignore calomel electrode is quicker to use / easier to set up / done in the same container / more portable</p> <p>Accept does not require a hydrogen / gas generator Ignore just does not require hydrogen / gas Ignore any reference to pressure Ignore hydrogen is flammable / explosive / difficult to store Ignore (calomel electrode is) safer</p> <p>Ignore platinum is expensive Ignore (calomel electrode) is cheaper</p> <p>Allow (calomel electrode) reaches equilibrium sooner Allow (calomel electrode gives) more stable (reading) Ignore (calomel electrode is) more accurate Ignore calomel electrode potential is more positive</p>	<p>(1)</p> <p><b>Expert</b></p>

(Total for Question 21 = 20 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
22	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• moles of FeSO<sub>4</sub></li> <li>• moles of excess MnO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup></li> <li>• initial moles of MnO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup></li> </ul> <p><b>and</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• moles of MnO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> reacted</li> <li>• moles of C<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup></li> <li>• mass of CaC<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub></li> <li>• percentage by mass of CaC<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub></li> </ul> <p><b>and</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• answer to 2SF or 3SF</li> </ul>	<p>Correct answer to <b>2SF or 3SF</b> with some working scores (6)</p> <p>Ignore SF except 1SF</p> <p>Example of calculation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) <math>n = 0.0500 \times \frac{25.95}{1000} = 0.0012975 / 1.2975 \times 10^{-3}</math></li> <li>(1) <math>n = 0.0012975 \div 5 = 0.0002595 / 2.595 \times 10^{-4}</math> TE on moles of FeSO<sub>4</sub></li> <li><math>n = 0.0100 \times \frac{50.0}{1000} = 0.0005 / 5 \times 10^{-4}</math> (Allow 1 SF)</li> </ul> <p><b>and</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) <math>n = 0.0005 - 0.0002595 = 0.0002405 / 2.405 \times 10^{-4}</math> TE on moles of excess MnO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> provided answer is positive</li> <li>(1) <math>n = 0.0002405 \times 2.5 = 0.00060125 / 6.0125 \times 10^{-4}</math> TE on moles of MnO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> reacted</li> <li>(1) mass = <math>0.00060125 \times 128.1 = 0.077020</math> (g) TE on moles of C<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup></li> <li>(1) % mass = <math>\frac{0.077020}{11.4} \times 100 = 0.67562</math> (%) = 0.68 / 0.676 (%) TE on mass of CaC<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> provided positive value to 2SF/3SF and &lt; 100% Allow use of 128 for M<sub>r</sub> of CaC<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> giving 0.675 (%)</li> </ul>	<p><b>(6)</b></p> <p><b>Expert</b></p>

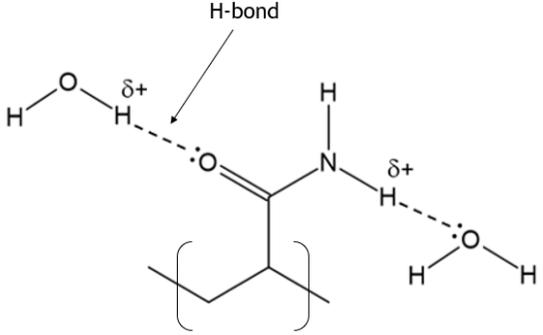
**(Total for Question 22 = 6 marks)**

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark																				
*23	<p>This question assesses a student's ability to show a coherent and logically structured answer with linkages and fully-sustained reasoning.</p> <p>Marks are awarded for indicative content and for how the answer is structured and shows lines of reasoning.</p> <p>The following table shows how the marks should be awarded for indicative content.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Number of indicative marking points seen in answer</th> <th>Number of marks awarded for indicative marking points</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5-4</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3-2</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The following table shows how the marks should be awarded for structure and lines of reasoning.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Number of marks awarded for structure and sustained lines of reasoning</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Answer shows a coherent and logical structure with linkages and fully sustained lines of reasoning demonstrated throughout.</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Answer is partially structured with some linkages and lines of reasoning.</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Answer has no linkages between points and is unstructured.</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Number of indicative marking points seen in answer	Number of marks awarded for indicative marking points	6	4	5-4	3	3-2	2	1	1	0	0		Number of marks awarded for structure and sustained lines of reasoning	Answer shows a coherent and logical structure with linkages and fully sustained lines of reasoning demonstrated throughout.	2	Answer is partially structured with some linkages and lines of reasoning.	1	Answer has no linkages between points and is unstructured.	0	<p>The mark for indicative content should be added to the mark for lines of reasoning. For example, an answer with five indicative marking points that is partially structured with some linkages and lines of reasoning scores 4 marks (3 marks for indicative content and 1 mark for partial structure and some linkages and lines of reasoning).</p> <p>If there are no linkages between points, the same five indicative marking points would yield an overall score of 3 marks (3 marks for indicative content and no marks for linkages).</p> <p>If there is any incorrect chemistry, deduct mark(s) from the reasoning. If no reasoning mark(s) awarded, do not deduct mark(s).</p> <p>Comment: Look for the indicative marking points first, then consider the mark for the structure of the answer and sustained line of reasoning.</p>	(6)  <b>Expert</b>
Number of indicative marking points seen in answer	Number of marks awarded for indicative marking points																						
6	4																						
5-4	3																						
3-2	2																						
1	1																						
0	0																						
	Number of marks awarded for structure and sustained lines of reasoning																						
Answer shows a coherent and logical structure with linkages and fully sustained lines of reasoning demonstrated throughout.	2																						
Answer is partially structured with some linkages and lines of reasoning.	1																						
Answer has no linkages between points and is unstructured.	0																						

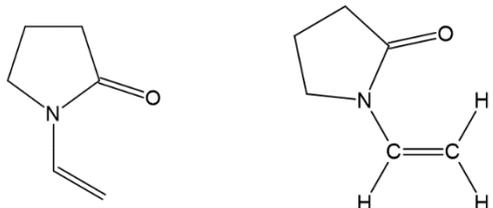
	<p>Indicative points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>IP1: thermochemical data calculation</b> (enthalpy of hydrogenation of 1,3,5-cyclohexatriene / benzene is) expected to be <math>-360 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}</math></li> <li>• <b>IP2: thermochemical data comparison</b> (enthalpy of hydrogenation is) less exothermic / less negative than expected (for 1,3,5-cyclohexatriene)</li> </ul> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p><b>less exothermic / more stable by <math>152 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}</math> scores IP1 and IP2</b></p> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>IP3: X-ray diffraction data</b> (carbon-carbon) bond lengths in benzene are equal</li> </ul> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin: 10px 0;"> <p><b>Ignore any reference to bond strength / bond angle in IP3 and IP4</b></p> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>IP4: X-ray diffraction data</b> (carbon-carbon) bond length in benzene is longer than (localised) C=C (in cyclohexene)</li> <li>• <b>IP5: Bromination data</b> (product for benzene is formed by electrophilic) substitution</li> <li>• <b>IP6: Bromination data</b> (benzene <math>\pi</math>-bonds less reactive than localised <math>\pi</math>-bonds and) requires (FeBr<sub>3</sub>) <b>catalyst</b> (and heat)</li> </ul>	<p>Allow (enthalpy of hydrogenation is) expected to be three times the value for cyclohexene Allow (enthalpy of hydrogenation is) different by <math>152 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}</math></p> <p>Accept reverse argument Ignore higher/lower for less exothermic Ignore benzene more exothermic than cyclohexene Ignore just benzene more stable than expected Do not award enthalpy required/needed</p> <p>Allow (carbon-carbon) bond lengths are not different Allow cyclohexene (carbon-carbon) bond lengths are different</p> <p>Accept (carbon-carbon) bond length is in between C=C and C-C (in cyclohexene) Allow (carbon-carbon) bond length is shorter than C-C (in cyclohexene)</p> <p>Allow (benzene) does not react by addition Allow cyclohexene/localised <math>\pi</math>-bonds react by addition Ignore any equations / mechanisms Do not award nucleophilic (substitution / addition)</p> <p>Accept cyclohexene does not require a catalyst Allow halogen carrier for catalyst Ignore just benzene does not decolourise bromine water Do not award Fe catalyst</p>	
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(Total for Question 23 = 6 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
24(a)(i)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following point:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• prop-2-enamide / 2-propenamide</li> </ul>	<p>Allow capital letters and spaces</p> <p>Ignore omission of hyphen</p> <p>Allow propenamide Allow 'ene' for 'en'</p> <p>Allow propyl for prop</p> <p>Do not award propan for prop Do not award N- prefix Do not award cis/trans/E/Z- prefix</p>	<p>(1)</p> <p><b>Graduate</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
24(a)(ii)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(PAM can form many) hydrogen bonds with water</li> <li>H-bonds (with water) can form at NH<sub>2</sub> <b>and</b> (C=)O</li> <li>diagram of (at least one) hydrogen bond between a water molecule <b>and</b> any amide group</li> </ul>	<p>(1) Allow M1 from a <b>labelled</b> diagram</p> <p>Ignore PAM reacts with water / acts as a base / accepts a proton from water / forms RNH<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup></p> <p>(1) M2 can be awarded from a diagram</p> <p>(1) diagram must include: H-bond to lone pair on O or N <b>and</b> <math>\delta</math>+H atom</p> <p>Ignore bond angle</p> <p>Do not award H-bond shown as coordinate bond / solid line (ie covalent bond)</p> <p>Example of diagram scoring (3):</p>  <p>Allow H-bond between lone pair on N of NH<sub>2</sub> and <math>\delta</math>+H of water</p>	<p>(3)</p> <p><b>Expert</b></p>

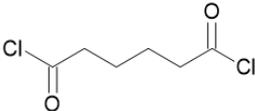
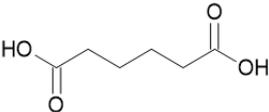
Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
24(a)(iii)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• carboxylate / <math>\text{COO}^-</math> (above pH 8) (1)</li> <li>• repulsion between negative charges (above pH 8) (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Allow carboxylic acid/<math>\text{COOH}/\text{OH}</math> groups are deprotonated / donate <math>\text{H}^+</math> / become anions</p> <p>Allow <math>\text{OH}^-</math> removes H atoms involved in hydrogen bonds</p> <p>Ignore just PAA is deprotonated / donates <math>\text{H}^+</math> / becomes anion</p> <p>Ignore just salt is formed</p> <p>Do not award zwitterion is formed</p> <p>Allow (<math>\text{COO}^-</math>) cannot form (intramolecular) hydrogen bonds</p> <p>Allow (all) hydrogen bonds break</p> <p>Ignore hydrogen bonds weaken</p> <p>Ignore fewer hydrogen bonds</p> <p>Ignore any reference to denaturation</p> <p>Ignore any reference to intermolecular hydrogen bonds</p>	<p>(2)</p> <p><b>Expert</b></p>

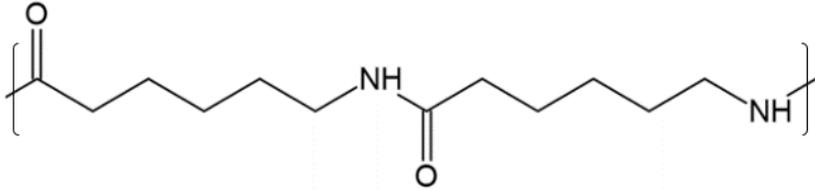
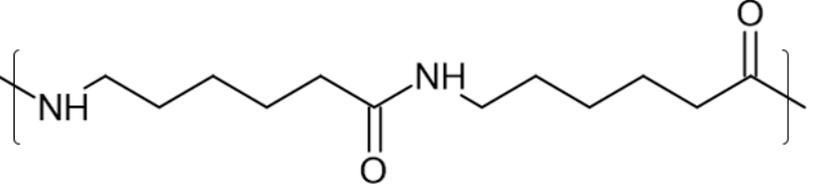
Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
24(b)(i)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following point:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>structure of vinylpyrrolidone monomer</li> </ul>	<p>Allow any combination of skeletal, structural or displayed formulae</p> <p>Examples of structure:</p> 	<p>(1)</p> <p>Expert</p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
24(b)(ii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>molar mass of vinylpyrrolidone monomer / PVP repeat unit</li> <li>number of monomers per polymer <b>and</b> answer to <b>nearest whole</b> number</li> </ul>	<p>Correct answer with some working scores (2)</p> <p>Example of calculation:</p> $M(\text{C}_6\text{H}_9\text{NO}) = 111.0 / 111 \text{ (g mol}^{-1}\text{)}$ <p>TE on (b)(i) if molar mass is not 111.0 / 111</p> $\text{number} = 90000 \div 111.0 = 810.81 = 811$ <p>TE on M1</p>	<p>(2)</p> <p>Expert</p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
24(b)(iii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• mass of PVP per tablet</li> <li>• number of moles of PVP polymer</li> <li>• number of molecules of PVP polymer</li> </ul>	<p>Correct answer with some working scores (3)</p> <p>Example of calculation:</p> <p>(1) <math>\text{mass} = \frac{0.740}{100} \times 4.0 = 0.0296 \text{ (g)}</math>  Accept 29.6 (mg)  Ignore SF except 1 SF</p> <p>(1) <math>\text{moles} = 0.0296 \div 90000 = 3.2889 \times 10^{-7}</math>  Allow <math>3.2889 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mmol}</math>  TE on M1  Ignore SF except 1 SF</p> <p>(1) <math>\text{molecules} = 3.2889 \times 10^{-7} \times 6.02 \times 10^{23} = 1.9799 \times 10^{17}</math>  Accept <math>2.0 \times 10^{17} / 2 \times 10^{17}</math>  TE on M2 (from any <math>M_r</math> value)  Ignore SF  Do not award multiplication of <math>N_A</math> by mass</p>	<p>(3)</p> <p><b>Expert</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
24(c)(i)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (polymer is a very) <u>large molecule</u> OR (polymer is formed from) large number of / many monomers (1)</li>   <li>• (condensation as) splitting off of a <u>(small) molecule</u> (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Allow long-chain (molecule) Allow macromolecule Allow repeating for many Ignore 2 or more / several / different for many Ignore (formed by) addition</p> <p>Allow with loss/elimination of H<sub>2</sub>O/HCl Ignore forms byproduct</p>	<p>(2)</p> <p><b>Expert</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
24(c)(ii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• structure of hexanedioyl dichloride</li> <li>• structure of hexane-1,6-diamine</li> </ul>	<p>Accept monomers in either order</p> <p>Allow any combination of skeletal, structural or displayed formulae If more than one type of formula shown, all must be correct</p> <p>Penalise errors in chain length once only</p> <p>Ignore connectivity in structural formulae eg Allow <math>\text{COCICH}_2\dots</math> / <math>\text{COOHCH}_2\dots</math> / <math>\text{NH}_2\text{CH}_2\dots</math> eg Allow <math>\text{C=OCl-CH}_2\dots</math> / <math>\text{C=OOH-CH}_2\dots</math> / <math>\text{NH}_2\text{-CH}_2\dots</math></p> <p>Penalise connectivity in skeletal / displayed formulae once only</p> <p>(1) Allow structure of hexanedioic acid</p> <p>Examples of correct structures:</p> <p><math>\text{ClOCCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{COCl}</math> / <math>\text{ClOC}(\text{CH}_2)_4\text{COCl}</math></p>  <p><math>\text{HOOCCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}</math> / <math>\text{HOOC}(\text{CH}_2)_4\text{COOH}</math></p>  <p>(1) <math>\text{H}_2\text{NCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2</math> / <math>\text{H}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2)_6\text{NH}_2</math></p> 	<p>(2)</p> <p><b>Expert</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
24(c)(iii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• amide linkage (within polymer chain) (1)</li> <li>• <b>two</b> repeat units (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Allow any combination of skeletal, structural or displayed formulae</p> <p>Allow <math>\text{-NHCO-}</math> / <math>\text{-CONH-}</math> / <math>\text{-HNCO-}</math> / <math>\text{-OCNH-}</math></p> <p>Ignore omission of square brackets Ignore <math>n</math></p> <p>Examples of <b>two</b> repeat units:</p>  <p><math>\text{-CO(CH}_2\text{)}_5\text{NHCO(CH}_2\text{)}_5\text{NH-}</math></p>  <p><math>\text{-NH(CH}_2\text{)}_5\text{CONH(CH}_2\text{)}_5\text{CO-}</math></p>	(2)  <b>Expert</b>

(Total for Question 24 = 18 marks)

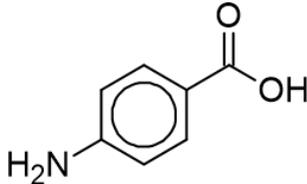
Total for Section B = 50 marks

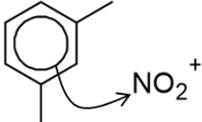
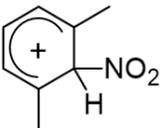
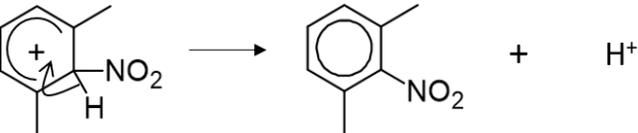
### Section C

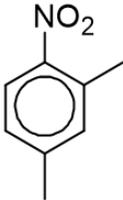
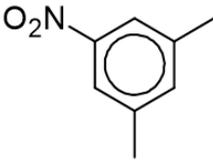
Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
25(a)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ester</li> </ul> <p>(1)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• (primary) amine <b>and</b> arene/benzene/phenyl</li> </ul> <p>OR</p> <p>phenylamine</p> <p>(1)</p>	<p>Ignore any structures / formulae</p> <p>Ignore carbonyl Do not award ketone / aldehyde / carboxylic acid Do not award ether</p> <p>Allow amino</p> <p>Allow aryl Ignore alkyl/alkane Do not award alkene Do not award phenol</p> <p>Allow aniline Allow aromatic amine</p>	<p>(2)</p> <p><b>Graduate</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
25(b)(i)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• molecular formulae of procaine and HCl (1)</li> <li>• molecular formula of procaine monohydrochloride (1)</li> </ul>	<p><b>Ignore non-molecular formulae</b></p> <p><math>C_{13}H_{20}N_2O_2 + HCl</math> Allow elements in any order</p> <p><math>C_{13}H_{21}Cl^{(-)}N_2^{(+)}O_2</math> Allow elements in any order TE on molecular formula of procaine</p> <p>Ignore position of charges</p> <p>Do not award separate <math>C_{13}H_{21}N_2^+O_2</math> and <math>Cl^-</math> ions Do not award any additional product(s)</p> <p>Example of equation: <math>C_{13}H_{20}N_2O_2 + HCl \rightarrow C_{13}H_{21}ClN_2O_2</math> scores (2)</p>	<p>(2)</p> <p><b>Graduate</b></p>

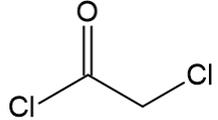
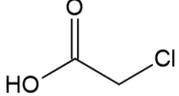
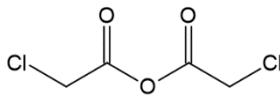
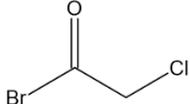
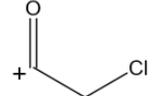
Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
25(b)(ii)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• identification of tertiary amine nitrogen <b>and</b> effect of ethyl groups OR benzene ring</li> </ul> <p>EITHER</p> <p>ethyl / alkyl (groups) are electron donating</p> <p>OR</p> <p>lone pair (on N of NH<sub>2</sub> partially) delocalised into (aromatic) <math>\pi</math>-bond(s) (1)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• second effect (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Ignore just comparison of electron density on N atoms Ignore just comparison of ability of (N) lone pairs to accept H<sup>+</sup></p> <p>Accept any unambiguous identification</p> <p>Accept ethyl / alkyl has positive inductive effect Allow ethyl / alkyl are electron pushing / electron releasing Allow methyl / R / attached groups for ethyl / alkyl</p> <p>Accept non-bonding pair for lone pair Allow electron pair for lone pair Allow overlaps with / interacts with / released into / drawn into for delocalised into Allow p-orbitals / ring for (aromatic) <math>\pi</math>-bond(s) Ignore just benzene for (aromatic) <math>\pi</math>-bond(s)</p> <p>Ignore just ring is electron withdrawing (with no mention of electron pair)</p> <p>If no other mark awarded, tertiary / aliphatic amine is more basic OR aromatic / primary amine is less basic scores (1)</p>	(2)  <b>Expert</b>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
25(c)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following point:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• structure of 4-aminobenzoic acid</li> </ul>	<p>Allow any combination of skeletal, structural or displayed formulae</p> <p>Example of structure:</p>  <p>Allow Kekulé benzene  Allow protonation of <math>\text{-NH}_2</math> to <math>\text{-NH}_3^+</math>  Allow deprotonation of <math>\text{-COOH}</math> to <math>\text{-COO}^-</math>  Allow zwitterion</p> <p>Do not award any other hydrolysis product</p>	<p>(1)</p> <p>Expert</p>

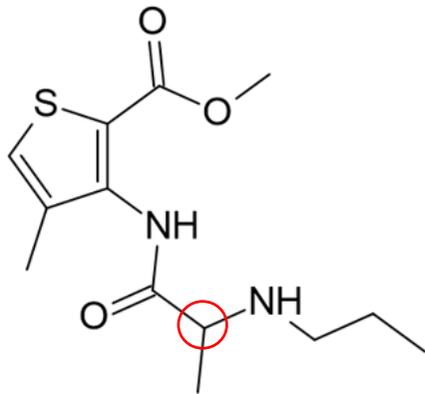
Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
25(d)(i)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>equation for formation of nitronium ion (1)</li> <li>curly arrow from within hexagon to anywhere on NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> (1)</li> <li>structure of intermediate ion (1)</li> <li>curly arrow from C–H bond to within ring and correct product and H<sup>+</sup> (1)</li> </ul>	<p><b>Ignore omission or incorrect placement of methyl groups in M2 and M3</b></p> <p>HNO<sub>3</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> → NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> + HSO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> + H<sub>2</sub>O  OR  HNO<sub>3</sub> + 2H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> → NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> + 2HSO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> + H<sub>3</sub>O<sup>+</sup>  OR  HNO<sub>3</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> → H<sub>2</sub>NO<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup> + HSO<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> and H<sub>2</sub>NO<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup> → NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> + H<sub>2</sub>O</p>  <p>TE on electrophile from M1 provided positively charged  Do not award lone pair on N of NO<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup></p>  <p>Allow any part of gap in 'horseshoe' facing tetrahedral carbon and covering at least three carbons with some part of positive sign within 'horseshoe'. 'Horseshoe' may be dashed  TE on electrophile from M2  Do not award NO<sub>2</sub>–C connectivity  Do not award dashed C–H and C–N bonds unless 3D structure</p> 	(4)  <b>Expert</b>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
25(d)(ii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• structure of 2,4-dimethylnitrobenzene</li> <li>• structure of 3,5-dimethylnitrobenzene</li> </ul>	<p>Allow structures with di-, tri- or tetranitro substitution</p> <p>Ignore connectivity of NO<sub>2</sub> group</p> <p>Penalise omission of delocalised ring once only</p> <p>Examples of structures:</p> <div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; align-items: center;"> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; margin-bottom: 20px;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;">(1)</div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;">(1)</div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> </div> </div>	<p>(2)</p> <p><b>Graduate</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
25(d)(iii)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following point:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• tin and (concentrated) hydrochloric acid</li> </ul>	<p>Accept Sn and HCl((aq))</p> <p>Ignore heat / reflux</p> <p>Ignore NaOH in second step</p> <p>Do not award NaOH with Sn and HCl in the same step</p> <p>Do not award any reference to catalyst</p>	<p>(1)</p> <p><b>Graduate</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
25(d)(iv)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following point:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>skeletal formula of 2-chloroethanoyl chloride</li> </ul>	<p>Ignore non-skeletal formulae Ignore bond angles and bond lengths</p>  <p>Allow skeletal formula of 2-chloroethanoic acid</p>  <p>Ignore OH connectivity</p> <p>Allow skeletal formula of 2-chloroethanoic anhydride</p>  <p>Allow skeletal formula of 2-chloroethanoyl bromide</p>  <p>Do not award skeletal formula of 2-chloroethanoyl cation</p> 	<p>(1)</p> <p><b>Graduate</b></p>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
25(d)(v)	An answer that makes reference to the following point: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>nucleophilic substitution</li> </ul>	Allow S <sub>N</sub> 2 / S <sub>N</sub> 1 Do not award any other answer	(1) <b>Clerical</b>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
25(e)	An answer that makes reference to the following point: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>indication of chiral centre</li> </ul>	 <p>articaine</p> <p>Allow any indication Do not award any other answer</p>	(1) <b>Graduate</b>

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
25(f)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• number of half-lives in 4 hours (1)</li> <li>• mass of articaine remaining in mg (1)</li> <li>• conversion of mg to <math>\mu\text{g}</math> (1)</li> </ul>	<p>Example of calculation:</p> <p>half-lives = <math>\frac{(4 \times 60)}{20} = 12</math></p> <p>mass = <math>100 \times 0.5^{12} = 0.024414</math> (mg)  TE on M1  Ignore SF except 1SF</p> <p>mass = <math>0.024414 \times 1000 = 24.414</math> (<math>\mu\text{g}</math>)  TE on M1 and M2</p>	<p>(3)</p> <p><b>Expert</b></p>

(Total for Question 25 = 20 marks)

**Total for Section C = 20 marks**

**Total for Paper = 90 marks**

