

Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE
NAME

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CENTRE
NUMBER

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CANDIDATE
NUMBER

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**MATHEMATICS****9709/33**

Paper 3 Pure Mathematics 3

October/November 2023**1 hour 50 minutes**

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: List of formulae (MF19)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- If additional space is needed, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet; the question number or numbers must be clearly shown.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You must show all necessary working clearly; no marks will be given for unsupported answers from a calculator.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

INFORMATION

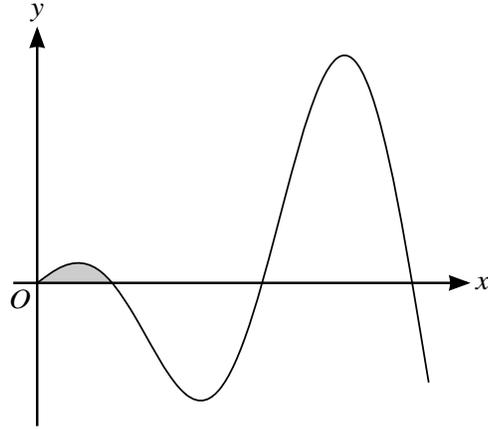
- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has **20** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

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- 2 On an Argand diagram, shade the region whose points represent complex numbers z satisfying the inequalities $|z - 1 + 2i| \leq |z|$ and $|z - 2| \leq 1$. [5]

10



The diagram shows the curve $y = x \cos 2x$, for $x \geq 0$.

- (a) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve at the point where $x = \frac{1}{2}\pi$. [4]

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11 The line l has equation $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k} + \lambda(-\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k})$. The points A and B have position vectors $-2\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ and $3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ respectively.

(a) Find a unit vector in the direction of l . [2]

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The line m passes through the points A and B .

(b) Find a vector equation for m . [2]

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