

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
2.	$y = 3x^5 + 4x^3 - x + 5 \Rightarrow \left(\frac{dy}{dx} = \right) 15x^4 + 12x^2 - 1$	M1 A1
	$15x^4 + 12x^2 - 1 = 2 \Rightarrow 15x^4 + 12x^2 - 3 = 0$	dM1
	$\Rightarrow 3(5x^2 - 1)(x^2 + 1) = 0$ o.e	ddM1
	$\Rightarrow x = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ o.e.	A1
		(5)
		(5 marks)

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
1.	$\int (2x-5)(3x+2)(2x+5) dx$	
	$(2x-5)(3x+2)(2x+5) = (6x^2 - 11x - 10)(2x+5) = \dots$	M1
	$= 12x^3 + 8x^2 - 75x - 50$	A1
	$\int (2x-5)(3x+2)(2x+5) dx = 3x^4 + \frac{8}{3}x^3 - \frac{75}{2}x^2 - 50x + c$	M1, A1ft, A1
		(5 marks)

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
8(a)	$\left[\frac{dy}{dx} = \right] \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2} - 2x^{-3/2}$	B1 B1	Allow unsimplified versions.
	At $x = 1$ , $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2} - 2 = -\frac{3}{2}$	M1	Substitute $x = 1$ into a differentiated $y$ .
	Equation of tangent is $y - 5 = -\frac{3}{2}(x - 1)$	A1	WWW Or $y = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{13}{2}$ .
		4	

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<b>8 (a) (i)</b>	$x = 4, f'(x) = 10, f'(x) = 3\sqrt{x} + kx^2 \Rightarrow 10 = 3\sqrt{4} + 4^2k \Rightarrow k = \dots$ $10 = 3 \times 2 + k \times 16 \Rightarrow k = \frac{1}{4} *$	M1 A1*
<b>(ii)</b>	$x = 4, y = 12 \text{ on } y = 10x + c \Rightarrow 12 = 10 \times 4 + c$ $\Rightarrow c = -28$	M1 A1 <b>(4)</b>
<b>(b)</b>	$f''(x) = \frac{3}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{2}x$ $\{ \Rightarrow f''(4) \} = \frac{11}{4}$	M1 A1ft A1 <b>(3)</b>
<b>(c)</b>	$f(x) = 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{1}{12}x^3 + d$ <p>Uses <math>P(4, 12) \Rightarrow 12 = 2 \times 8 + \frac{1}{12} \times 4^3 + d \Rightarrow d = \dots</math></p> $\{ f(x) \} = 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{1}{12}x^3 - \frac{28}{3}$	M1, A1ft dM1 A1 <b>(4)</b> <b>(11 marks)</b>