

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
6(a)	$\left(\frac{3\pi}{2}, 0\right)$	B1
		(1)
(b)	$f'(x) = (6\cos^2 x)e^{3\sin x} - (2\sin x)e^{3\sin x}$	M1A1
	$f'(x) = (6\cos^2 x)e^{3\sin x} - (2\sin x)e^{3\sin x}$ $\Rightarrow (6(1 - \sin^2 x) - 2\sin x)(= 0)$	dM1
	$\Rightarrow 3\sin^2 x + \sin x - 3 = 0$ oe	A1
		(4)
(c)	$\sin x = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{37}}{6} \Rightarrow x = \dots$	M1
	$x = 2.131$	A1
		(2)
		(7 marks)

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
5(a) Way One	$\cot^2 x - \tan^2 x \equiv \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} - \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} \equiv \frac{\cos^4 x - \sin^4 x}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x}$	M1
	$\equiv \frac{(\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x)(\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x)}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} \equiv \frac{\cos 2x}{\dots}$ or $\frac{\dots}{\left(\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x\right)^2}$	dM1
	$\equiv \frac{\cos 2x}{\left(\frac{1}{2} \sin 2x\right)^2}$	A1
	$\equiv 4 \frac{\cos 2x}{\sin 2x \sin 2x} \equiv 4 \cot 2x \operatorname{cosec} 2x^*$	A1*
		(4)
(b)	$4 \cot 2\theta \operatorname{cosec} 2\theta = 2 \tan^2 \theta \Rightarrow \cot^2 \theta - \tan^2 \theta = 2 \tan^2 \theta \Rightarrow \cot^2 \theta - 3 \tan^2 \theta = 0$	M1
	$\cot^2 \theta - 3 \tan^2 \theta = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\tan^2 \theta} - 3 \tan^2 \theta = 0 \Rightarrow \tan^4 \theta = \frac{1}{3}$	A1
	$\tan^4 \theta = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow \tan \theta = \pm \sqrt[4]{\frac{1}{3}} = \pm 0.7598 \dots \Rightarrow \theta = \dots$	M1
	$\theta = \operatorname{awrt} 0.65, -0.65$	A1A1
		(5)
		Total 9

7(a)	$y = e^{-x^2} \sin 3x \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = 3e^{-x^2} \cos 3x - 2xe^{-x^2} \sin 3x$	M1A1
	$3e^{-x^2} \cos 3x - 2xe^{-x^2} \sin 3x = 0 \Rightarrow 3 \cos 3x - 2x \sin 3x = 0$ $\Rightarrow 3 \cos 3x = 2x \sin 3x \Rightarrow \tan 3x = \frac{3}{2x}$	dM1
	$x = \frac{1}{3} \arctan\left(\frac{3}{2x}\right) *$	A1*
		(4)
(b)(i)	$x_1 = 0.4 \Rightarrow x_2 = \frac{1}{3} \arctan\left(\frac{3}{2 \times 0.4}\right)$	M1
	$(x_2 =) 0.4367$	A1
(ii)	$(x_4 =) 0.4307$	A1
		(3)

(c)	e.g. $f(x) = x - \frac{1}{3} \arctan\left(\frac{3}{2x}\right)$	M1
	$f(0.4305) = 0.4305 - \frac{1}{3} \arctan\left(\frac{3}{2 \times 0.4305}\right) (= 6.38 \times 10^{-5})$	
	$f(0.4295) = 0.4295 - \frac{1}{3} \arctan\left(\frac{3}{2 \times 0.4295}\right) (= -1.141... \times 10^{-3})$	
	or e.g. $f(x) = 3e^{-x^2} \cos 3x - 2xe^{-x^2} \sin 3x$ $f(0.4305) = 3e^{-(0.4305)^2} \cos 3(0.4305) - 2(0.4305)e^{-(0.4305)^2} \sin 3(0.4305) (= -4.968... \times 10^{-4})$ $f(0.4295) = 3e^{-(0.4295)^2} \cos 3(0.4295) - 2(0.4295)e^{-(0.4295)^2} \sin 3(0.4295) (= 8.885... \times 10^{-3})$	
	Sign change therefore x is 0.430 to 3dp	A1
		(2)
		Total 9

9(a)	$\frac{\cos 2x}{\sin x} + \frac{\sin 2x}{\cos x} = \frac{\cos 2x}{\sin x} + \frac{2 \sin x \cos x}{\cos x}$ (One Correct identity)	B1
	$= \frac{1 - 2 \sin^2 x}{\sin x} + \frac{2 \sin x \cancel{\cos x}}{\cancel{\cos x}}$	M1
	$= \frac{1}{\sin x} - \frac{2 \sin^2 x}{\sin x} + 2 \sin x = \frac{1}{\sin x} = \operatorname{cosec} x *$	A1*
		(3)
(b)	E.g. Equation is $\operatorname{cosec}^2 \theta = 6 \cot \theta - 4 \Rightarrow 1 + \cot^2 \theta = 6 \cot \theta - 4$	M1
	E.g. $\cot^2 \theta - 6 \cot \theta + 5 = 0$	A1
	E.g. $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{5}, 1$ $\theta = 0.197, \frac{\pi}{4}$	dM1
		A1, A1
		(5)
(c)	$\int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \operatorname{cosec} x \cot x \, dx = \left[-\operatorname{cosec} x \right]_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}}$	M1
	$= 2 - \sqrt{2}$	A1
		(2)
		10 marks

10.(a)	$x = 3 \cos 2y \Rightarrow \left(\frac{dx}{dy}\right) = -6 \sin 2y$	M1 A1 (2)
(b)	E.g. $\frac{dx}{dy} = -6\sqrt{1-kx^2}$ or $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\text{their } \frac{dx}{dy}}$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{6\sqrt{1-\cos^2 2y}} = -\frac{1}{6\sqrt{1-\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)^2}} = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{9-x^2}}$	M1 dM1 A1 (3)
(c)	Sets $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{9-x^2}} = -\frac{1}{4}$ $x^2 = 5 \Rightarrow a = \sqrt{5}$	M1 A1
Alt (c)	Sets $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{6 \sin 2y} = -\frac{1}{4}$ $\Rightarrow \sin 2y = \frac{2}{3} \Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{2} \arcsin\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$ $x = 3 \cos 2y = 3\sqrt{1-\sin^2\left(\arcsin\frac{2}{3}\right)} = \sqrt{5}$	dM1 A1 M1A1 dM1 A1 (4) (9 marks)

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
1(a)	$f(x)$,, 9	B1 (1)
(b)	$fg(1.5) = f\left(\frac{3}{2 \times 1.5 + 1}\right) = 9 - \left(\frac{3}{2 \times 1.5 + 1}\right)^2$ $= \frac{135}{16}$	M1 A1 (2)
(c)	$g(x) = \frac{3}{2x+1} \Rightarrow g^{-1}(x) = \frac{3-x}{2x}$ $0 < x$,, 3	M1 A1 B1 (3)
Total 6		

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
3(a)	$\log_{10} D = 1.04 + 0.38t \Rightarrow D = 10^{1.04+0.38t}$	M1
	or $a = 10^{1.04}$ or $b = 10^{0.38}$	
	$a = \text{awrt } 10.96$ or $b = \text{awrt } 2.399$	A1
	$D = 10.96 \times 2.399^t$	A1
		(3)
(b)	$45000 = "10.96" \times "2.399"^T \Rightarrow T = \dots$	M1
	or $\log_{10} 45000 = 1.04 + 0.38T \Rightarrow T = \dots$	
	$\text{awrt } 9.51$	A1
		(2)
(c)	$D = "10.96" \times "2.399"^{12} \Rightarrow D = \dots$	M1
	or $\log_{10} D = 1.04 + 0.38 \times 12 \Rightarrow D = \dots$	
	or $350000 = "10.96" \times "2.399"^t \Rightarrow t = \dots$	
	or $\log_{10} 350000 = 1.04 + 0.38 \times t \Rightarrow t = \dots$	
	$D = \text{awrt } (\text{£})400\ 000 \Rightarrow \text{yes}$	A1
	or $t = \text{awrt } 11.9 \Rightarrow \text{yes}$	
		(2)
		(7 marks)

2(a)	$R = 25$	B1
	$\tan \alpha = \frac{24}{7} \Rightarrow \alpha = \dots$	M1
	$\alpha = 1.287$	A1
		(3)
(b)(i)	$\text{Min} = \frac{5}{90 - 3 \times "25" \times (-1)}$	M1
	$= \frac{1}{33}$	A1
(b)(ii)	$(2x + "1.287") = \pi, \dots \Rightarrow x = \dots$	M1
	$\Rightarrow x = \frac{\pi - "1.287"}{2} = 0.927$	A1
		(4)
		Total 7