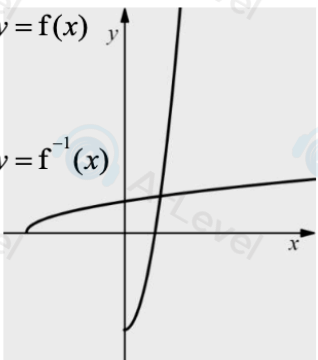
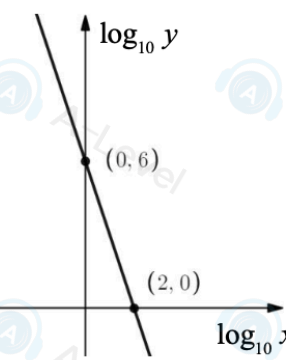


<p>4.(a)</p> <p>$f \geq -5$</p> <p>(b)</p>	 <p>Curve starting on negative x-axis and passing through positive y-axis, in quadrants 1 and 2 only.</p> <p>Shape and position correct.</p>	<p>B1 (1)</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>(2)</p> <p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>(3)</p> <p>6 marks</p>
<p>3 (i)</p> <p>3 (ii)</p>	<p>$y = \frac{10^6}{x^3} \Rightarrow \log_{10} y = \log_{10} 10^6 - \log_{10} x^3 \Rightarrow \log_{10} y = 6 - 3 \log_{10} x$</p>  <p>States $\log_3 N = 2t + 4$</p> <p>$N = 3^{2t+4} = 3^{2t} \times 3^4$</p> <p>$N = 81 \times 9^t$</p> <p>or $\log_3 N = \log_3 a + t \log_3 b$</p> <p>or $\log_3 a = 4 \Rightarrow a = \dots$ or $\log_3 b = 2 \Rightarrow b = \dots$</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1 (3)</p> <p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>Alcso</p> <p>(3)</p> <p>(6 marks)</p>

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
7(a)	$y = \frac{16}{9(3x-k)} = \frac{16}{27x-9k} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{432}{(27x-9k)^2}$	M1A0
(b)	$-\frac{432}{(27x-9k)^2} = -12 \Rightarrow 12(27x-9k)^2 = 432$	M1
	$12(27x-9k)^2 = 432 \Rightarrow (27x-9k)^2 = 36 \Rightarrow 27-9k = \pm 6 \Rightarrow k = \dots$	dM1
	$k = \frac{7}{3}, \frac{11}{3}$	A1
(c)	$y = \frac{16}{27-21}$	M1 (B1 on ePEN)
	$y - \frac{8}{3} = \frac{1}{12}(x-1)$	dM1
	$12y - x - 31 = 0$	A1
(d)	$\int \frac{16}{27x-9k} dx = \frac{16}{27} [\ln(27x-9k)]$	M1
	$= \frac{16}{27} [\ln(27x-21)]$	A1ft
	$\frac{16}{27} [\ln(27x-21)]_1^3 = \frac{16}{27} (\ln(27(3)-21) - \ln(27-21))$	dM1
	$= \frac{16}{27} \ln(10)$	A1

	$f(x) = 8 \sin x \cos x + 4 \cos^2 x - 3$	
4(a)	States or uses $\sin 2x = 2 \sin x \cos x$ or $\cos 2x = \pm 2 \cos^2 x \pm 1$	M1
	Uses $\sin 2x = 2 \sin x \cos x$ and $\cos 2x = \pm 2 \cos^2 x \pm 1$ in $f(x)$	dM1
	$(f(x) =) 8 \sin x \cos x + 4 \cos^2 x - 3 = 4 \sin 2x + 2 \cos 2x - 1$	A1 (3)
(b)	$R^2 = a^2 + b^2 \Rightarrow R = \sqrt{20} \text{ or } 2\sqrt{5}$	B1ft
	$\tan \alpha = \frac{b}{a} \Rightarrow \alpha = \dots \text{ ("awrt 0.464")}$	M1
	$(f(x) =) 2\sqrt{5} \sin(2x + 0.464) - 1$	A1 (3)
(c)	(i) Maximum value = $2\sqrt{5} - 1$	B1 ft
	(ii) Solves $2x + \alpha = \frac{5\pi}{2} \Rightarrow x = \dots$	M1
	$(x =) \text{ awrt } 3.69 \text{ (or } (x =) \text{ awrt } 3.70)$	A1 (3) (9 marks)