



1.
$$f(x) = \frac{5x + 10}{(1 - x)(2 + 3x)}$$

(a) Write $f(x)$ in partial fraction form. (3)

(b) (i) Hence find, in ascending powers of x up to and including the terms in x^2 , the binomial series expansion of $f(x)$. Give each coefficient as a simplified fraction. (5)

(ii) Find the range of values of x for which this expansion is valid. (1)

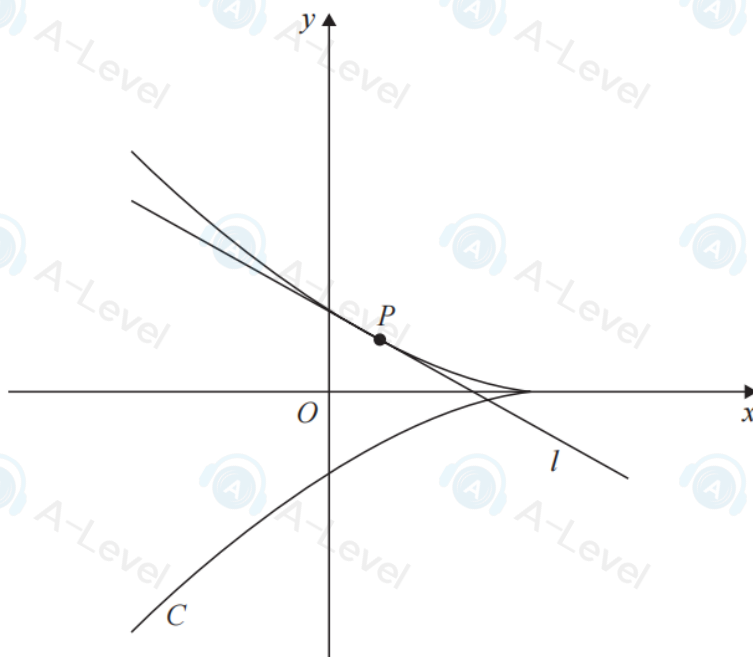


Figure 2

**In this question you must show all stages of your working.
Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.**

Figure 2 shows a sketch of the curve C with parametric equations

$$x = 2 \cos 2t \quad y = \sin^3 t \quad -\frac{\pi}{2} < t < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

where t is a parameter.

The point P lies on C where $t = \frac{\pi}{6}$

The line l , shown in Figure 2, is the tangent to C at P .

(a) Use parametric differentiation to show that

(i) $\frac{dy}{dx} = k \sin t$ where k is a constant to be found

(ii) an equation for l is $3x + 16y - 5 = 0$ (6)

The line l intersects the curve C again at the point Q .

(b) Using algebra and showing detailed reasoning, find the exact coordinates of Q . (6)

1. Given that k is a constant and the binomial expansion of

$$\sqrt{1+kx} \quad |kx| < 1$$

in ascending powers of x up to the term in x^3 is

$$1 + \frac{1}{8}x + Ax^2 + Bx^3$$

- (a) (i) find the value of k ,
(ii) find the value of the constant A and the constant B .

(5)

- (b) Use the expansion to find an approximate value to $\sqrt{1.15}$

Show your working and give your answer to 6 decimal places.

(2)

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4.

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4-x^2}}$$

- (a) Find, in ascending powers of x , the first four non-zero terms of the binomial expansion of $g(x)$. Give each coefficient in simplest form.

(5)

- (b) State the range of values of x for which this expansion is valid.

(1)

- (c) Use the expansion from part (a) to find a fully simplified rational approximation for $\sqrt{3}$

Show your working and make your method clear.

(2)

1. (a) Find the first 4 terms of the binomial expansion, in ascending powers of x , of

$$(8-3x)^{-\frac{1}{3}} \quad |x| < \frac{8}{3}$$

giving each coefficient as a simplified fraction.

(4)

- (b) Use the answer from part (a) with $x = \frac{2}{3}$ to find a rational approximation to $\sqrt[3]{6}$

(2)

4. **In this question you must show all stages of your working.**
Solutions relying entirely on calculator technology are not acceptable.

The curve C has equation

$$4x^2 + y^2 - 2xy = 24x$$

- (a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ giving your answer in simplest form in terms of x and y . (5)

The point P lies on C .

Given that

- the gradient of C at P is 2
- P has coordinates (a, b) where $a > 0$ and $b > 0$

- (b) find the value of a and the value of b . (5)