

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
5(a)(i)	$P(S > 640) = P\left(Z > \frac{640 - 700}{50}\right)$	M1
	awrt 0.885	A1 (2)
(ii)	$675 < S < 725$ $P(675 < S < 725) = P(S < 725) - P(S < 675)$ or use of symmetry to find correct area	M1 M1
	$P(S < 725) = P\left(Z < \frac{725 - 700}{50}\right)$ or $P(S < 675) = P\left(Z < \frac{675 - 700}{50}\right)$ $P(-0.5 < Z < 0.5) = 0.6915 - (1 - 0.6915)$ or $1 - 2 \times 0.3085$ or $2 \times (0.6915 - 0.5)$	M1 A1
	$= 0.383$ awrt 0.383	A1
		(5)
(b)(i)	$\frac{680 - \mu}{\sigma} = 1.5$ $\frac{599 - \mu}{\sigma} = -0.5244$	M1A1 A1
		(3)
(ii)	$(680 - \mu) - (599 - \mu) = 1.5\sigma - (-0.5244)\sigma$ $(81 = 2.0244\sigma)$	M1
	$\sigma = 40.01185$ $\mu = 619.98\dots$	awrt 40 (to 2sf) awrt 620 (to 3sf)
		A1A1 (3)

Question	Scheme	Marks										
6. (a)	For sight of $0.6^2 \times 0.4$ (o.e.)	B1cso (1)										
(b)(i)	$P(X = 1) = \mathbf{0.4}$	B1										
(ii)	$P(X = 4) = 1 - "0.4" - 0.24 - 0.144$ or $0.6^3 \times 0.4 + 0.6^4$ or $0.6^3 = \mathbf{0.216}$	M1 A1 (3)										
(c)	$[E(X) =]1 \times 0.4 + 2 \times 0.24 + 3 \times 0.144 + 4 \times 0.216, = 2.176$ awrt 2.18	M1, A1 (2)										
(d)	$[E(X^2) =]1^2 \times 0.4 + 2^2 \times 0.24 + 3^2 \times 0.144 + 4^2 \times 0.216 [= 6.112]$ $\text{Var}(X) = "6.112" - 2.176^2$ $= 1.377024$ awrt 1.38	M1 M1 A1 (3)										
	(e) stop after 1 head so 1 is the max value and can get no heads for 4 tails $P(H = 0) = \mathbf{0.1296}$ and $P(H = 1) = \mathbf{0.8704}$	B1 B1 (2)										
(f)(i)	$[P(\{X = 3\} \cap \{H = 0\}) =] = \mathbf{0}$	B1										
(ii)	$[P(\{X = 4\} \cap \{H = 0\}) =] P(H = 0) = 0.6^4 = \mathbf{0.1296}$ or $\frac{81}{625}$	B1ft (2)										
(g)	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td>[s]</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>[P(S = s)]</td> <td>0.4</td> <td>0.24</td> <td>0.2736</td> <td>0.0864</td> </tr> </table>	[s]	2	3	4	5	[P(S = s)]	0.4	0.24	0.2736	0.0864	B1ft B1 B1ft B1 (4)
	[s]	2	3	4	5							
[P(S = s)]	0.4	0.24	0.2736	0.0864								
		(17 marks)										

Question	Scheme	Marks
5 (a)	$P(X < 18) = P\left(Z < \pm\left(\frac{18-15}{2}\right)\right) [= \pm 1.5]$	M1
	$= 0.9332$ awrt 0.933	A1
		(2)
(b)	$\frac{x-15}{2} = 0.2533$	M1B1
	$x = 15.506\dots$	awrt 15.5 A1
		(3)
(c)	$P(T > \mu - 10) = 0.975$	M1
	$\frac{(\mu \pm 10) - \mu}{\sigma} = \pm 1.96 \Rightarrow \sigma = \frac{10}{1.96} [= 5.10\dots]$	M1
	$P(T > \mu - 5) = P\left(Z > \frac{\mu - 5 - \mu}{"5.10\dots"} [= -0.98]\right) [= 0.836\dots]$	M1
	$P(T > \mu - 5 \mid T > \mu - 10) = \frac{"0.836\dots"}{"0.975"}$	M1
	$= 0.8579\dots$	awrt 0.858 A1
	(5)	
Notes		Total 10

Question Number	Scheme	Marks
2. (a)	B and C	B1 (1)
	(b) A and C independent gives: $P(C) \times 0.65 = 0.13$ or $0.65 \times (r + 0.13) = 0.13$ or $0.65 \times (0.48 - s) = 0.13$ $P(C) = 0.2$ or $r + 0.13 = 0.2$ or $0.48 - s = 0.2$ $r \{= 0.2 - 0.13\} = \underline{0.07}$ or $s \{= 0.48 - 0.2\} = \underline{0.28}$ $P(A) + r + s = 1$ or $0.65 + "0.07" + s = 1$ or $0.65 + "0.28" + r = 1$ $s \{= 1 - 0.72\} = \underline{0.28}$ and $r \{= 1 - 0.93\} = \underline{0.07}$	M1 A1 A1 M1 A1 (5)
(c)	$P[(B \cup C)] = "0.2" + q$ or $0.13 + "0.07" + q$	B1ft
	$P(A \cap C') = p + q \{= 0.52\}$	B1
	$\{P[(A \cap C') \cap (B \cup C)] = q \Rightarrow\}$ $"(p + q) \times "(0.2 + q)" = q$ or $"(p + q) \times "(0.13 + "0.07" + q)" = q$ or $"(p + q) \times "(1 - s - p)" = 0.52 - p$	M1
	[Using $p + q = 0.52$] $0.52 \times "(0.2 + q)" = q$ or $0.52(0.72 - p) = 0.52 - p$ $q = \frac{13}{60}$ $p = \frac{91}{300}$	M1 A1 A1 (6)