

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(i)	<p>A calculation in which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> conversion of actual length of scale into nm (1) actual length divided by the given length (answer given to 2 significant figures and in standard form) (1) 	<p><u>Example of calculation:</u></p> <p>35mm = 35 000 000 nm</p> <p>$35\,000\,000 \div 1200 = \times 2.9 \times 10^4$</p> <p>accept +/- 1mm for length of bar</p>	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(a)(ii)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to two of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> electron microscope (1) due to high magnification (1) 	<p>ecf from 2(a)(i) applies</p> <p>Accept high resolution</p> <p>Accept converse for light microscope</p> <p>Accept 3D image if qualified as scanning electron microscope</p>	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)(i)	<p>An answer that makes reference to the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> presence of {(peptidoglycan) cell wall / circular chromosome(s) / DNA associated with histones / 70S ribosomes / RNA polymerase} (1) absence of {nucleus / membrane bound organelles} (1) 	Accept ether bonds	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)(ii)	<p>An explanation that makes reference to three of the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (analysis of) molecular evidence (1) to identify similarities and differences in biological molecules / comparison of biological molecules (1) (analysis of) phenotype (1) to identify similarities and differences between the two microorganisms (phenotype) (1) 	<p>e.g. DNA, mRNA, proteins, enzymes</p> <p>e.g. cell structure / anatomical features, grow in different {habitats/ conditions}</p> <p>e.g. named similarities and differences in cell structure</p>	(3)